Grade 4

Subject: Social Science (Chapter – 1 – Landforms of the World)

Q.1: Fill in the blanks:

1)	The earth's surface is not around the world.	
2)	The different features that make up the Earth's surface are called	
3)	By forces of, and causes landforms.	
4)	are formed by forces.	
5)	Some landforms may be inside the earth.	
6)	Mountains have very slopes and peaks.	
7)	is the highest mountain range in the world.	
8)	Two large landmasses push against each other are called mountains.	
9)	Mountains are formed from volcano are called mountains.	
10)) mountains are formed by splitting and sliding of large blocks of land.	
11)	The Himalayan ranges were formed about years ago.	
12)	High mountain ranges have or rivers of ice.	
13) The lowland between hills or mountains is called a		
14) Valleys are normally formed by or		
15) Mountains have low, narrow, natural gaps called		
16)	The pass in the Himalayas connects Afghanistan and Pakistan.	
17)	A large area of land that is higher than the surroundings and more or less flat at the top is	
	known as a	
18)) are flat lands with gentle slopes.	
19)	In summers, the days are and the nights are	
20)	In winters, the days are and the nights are	
21)) The in North Africa is the biggest desert in the world.	
22)	The Desert is in South America.	
23) The Thar Desert is located in		
24)) deserts have also very little rainfall.	
25) A place where land meets the sea is called a		

Q.9: Complete the sentence:		
1)	A mountain is	
2)	A plain is	
3)	A river is	
4)	A plateau is	
Q.10:	Give Reason:	
1)	Plains are the most thickly populated areas in the world.	
	(R)	
2)	In history, great civilizations have always developed along rivers	
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Q.11:	Short answer question:	
1)	What are landforms? Name the main landforms of the earth.	
2)	What are fold mountains? Give an example.	
3)	What is the difference between a mountain and a plateau?	
4)	What is a peninsula? Give an example.	